

THE REGISTER.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF COUNTY

W. G. ABLISON, Editor.

SATURDAY, JULY 24, 1875.

It has been decided by the Supreme Court of Connecticut, that the local application feature of the license law is constitutional.

The names of several prominent gentlemen have been presented for the vacant post of Minister to Brussels, the position lately occupied by J. Russell Jones. It is believed that Gen. Bader, now Consul General at London, will secure the position.

The Postmaster-General has commenced suit against bondsmen of over forty failing mail contractors. He has confiscated to the use of the government several checks, amounting to over \$16,000, which were deposited to accompany the bid of a mail contractor who has since failed. This is the first instance of the confiscation of such checks by the Post-Office Department.

The scientific men who have visited the Black Hills, by their discouraging reports, are doing more to deter prospecting parties from going thither than the bribing bayonets of Sheridan's soldiers. If the government will only send out plenty of these scientific wise men to report that no gold can be found, the Indians will soon have as much freedom in that dismal locality as did Alexander Selkirk on the island of Juan Fernandez.

The Fifth Annual Industrial Exposition of Kansas City, Mo., will take place this year in the above named city, commencing on the 13th of September and closing on the 18th. The officers are making preparations on an unprecedentedly large scale. The fair will exceed anything of a similar nature that has hitherto taken place this side of St. Louis. The railroads will probably make such arrangements in regard to rates of fare that nearly all will be enabled to attend.

A disastrous fire occurred in Cincinnati on the 26th inst. The printing office of Black & Co., and the lithographing establishment of W. W. Donaldson were consumed. During the conflagration a terrific gas explosion occurred. The walls of the building were thrown down, and several of the firemen were buried beneath the debris. The injuries were of a very serious nature, one of them proving fatal. The total loss was \$120,000. The amount of insurance was \$70,000.

The mystery of the schooner Florida is at last explained. This vessel, it will be remembered, sailed from New Orleans for the Pacific. He was heard from in the year 1849, since which time until lately, she had been given up as lost. A short time ago, the surviving crew of the ill-fated schooner were discovered on an hitherto unknown island in the Pacific. On this island their vessel had been wrecked, and here they had lived. After the lapse of more than a quarter of a century, their friends learn of their whereabouts.

The death of O'Brien, at the U. S. Military Prison at Leavenworth, has caused much excitement in that city. Many are disposed to charge Sergeant Hogan with having caused the death of the unfortunate prisoner. A communication to the Leavenworth Commercial by the prisoners, says in direct and positive terms that Sergeant Hogan is guilty of the crime charged, while the Hospital Steward is trying to make things as favorable for Hogan as possible. The officers will make a thorough investigation and find out whether Hogan is guilty or innocent.

AND now comes A. D. Havens, of Leavenworth, and makes complaint to Gen. C. B. Fish, chairman of the Board of Indian Commissioners, at New York, that fraud was practiced at the May letting of contracts for Indian supplies. Havens says that at that time he made the lowest bid for furnishing 1,100,000 pounds of flour at Sioux City. His bid was \$2.74 per hundred, yet the contract was given to J. H. Charles at \$2.97 per hundred. Havens complains that the attention of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs and also of the Secretary of the Interior, has been called to this fraudulent letting of the contract, yet he can obtain no satisfaction from either of them. Havens claims that his bid was in all respects in strict conformity with the law on that subject, and he asks that the matter be enquired into by the Indian Commission.

WHERE Charles Dickens living at the present time, we believe he would write a second edition of Martin Chuzzlewit, with longer chapters pertaining to American vanity and showing in their true light, the multitude of snobs and nabobs who visit our American watering places and are such "highly distinguished" persons. When an American gets rich, all he has to do is to provide some means of showing it to the "morning populace," get a wife who is a good fashion plate for boarding-school misses to wishfully gaze upon, and who can talk French, walk Spanish, faint gracefully, and dance the German overstepping, then with his butterfly, brainless beauty, spend the summer drinking physic at Saratoga, and he then becomes one of those "distinguished" gentlemen. We don't wish harm to befall any one, but we sometimes wonder that the cholera or some other pestilence don't become "distinguished" by renovating some of these pests.

The various societies of Kansas City have decided to celebrate O'Connell's Centennial at their place on August 7, at the Exposition grounds. A general invitation to the people of the surrounding towns has been extended.

ATHLETIC SPORTS.

At the foot races at Saratoga, C. M. Barbour, of Amherst, won the one mile race in 4:44. The one mile walk was won by W. A. Platt, of Williams, in 7:50. The seven mile walk was won by W. R. Taylor in 65:15.

The Cornell crew came off victorious in the boat race.

The American Rifle Team has caused much excitement among sportsmen, both in England and America. The Americans coming off victorious at all points.

BALLOON ASCENSION.

On the 15th inst. P. T. Barnum, the world renowned showman, sent up a balloon from Chicago. The balloon contained Prof. Donaldson, who had previously made 137 similar trips, and Mr. Grimwood a reporter of the Chicago Evening Journal. The balloon ascended to an altitude of 4,000 feet and passed over Lake Michigan, where it encountered the violent storm which fell on that night.

That evening the aeronauts were sighted by a schooner. They were about thirty miles from shore, and the basket was dipping water. As the schooner turned to assist them, the balloon again ascended and was soon lost from sight. From that time great fears were entertained by the friends of the voyagers. Nothing farther was heard of them till the nineteenth inst., when they struck terra firma in Michigan between South Haven and Nantuxat.

They were in a very exhausted condition. Medical aid was sent to them from South Haven. The Professor will make another ascension in a few days.

THE NEW SILVER MINES.

At the mouth of the Merrimac river, in north-eastern Massachusetts, lies the city of Newburyport, which is one of the oldest cities on the Atlantic coast. It has always been a wealthy city since it was first founded. In point of education its inhabitants have never been excelled by any American city. For the past 200 years her citizens have nearly given up the hope of ever discovering anything in her soil which would bring wealth to their midst. Yet there have always been some, who would still continue to make tests and experiments in the hope of finding some mineral which should richly remunerate them. At last their faithful labors have been rewarded with success. Silver has been discovered.

One hundred tons of the ore have been smelted. The profit was \$135 per ton. The ore is abundant. Such results should encourage all who are seeking similar results. We do not believe in making utterly hopeless experiments like the alchemists of old, but when there is any possible chance of success, we say let the prospecting be continued. Possibly we may wait as long as did Newburyport before any important discoveries are made. We hope not, let what advantage we already have be improved, and money will be brought to us. We already have what to many seems equal, if not superior, to a mine of precious minerals. We refer to our salt well. Cannot something be done to make it a source of profit to this community? The matter has been delayed long enough.

THE CENTENNIAL.

The State Board of Centennial managers has made arrangements with Prof. Snow of the State University to make an entomological collection to represent our State at Philadelphia next year. Three hundred dollars is to be allowed him for this purpose. We presume the Board cannot well allow a larger sum considering the limited amount that has been given for the exposition by our State. We think the Professor should have a larger sum of money to defray the expenses of making the collection. Numerous, but not large sums of money have been contributed in various parts of the State. More money is certainly needed if our State is to be represented in a respectable style. The Kansas building is to cost \$10,000; of this amount we understand the railroads have agreed to give \$5,000. The representation is to be made by counties.

Allen county is certainly very backward in the matter. We can and should, by all means, be well represented at Philadelphia. We shall have the very best of crops this year. Many of our products cannot be excelled by any part of the universe. A good collection of grasses, grains, fruits, and other products of Allen county, should be conspicuously exhibited. If we want to advertise ourselves, if we wish to attract the attention of the most valuable class of people, we must not neglect an opportunity which comes only once in a century. Other States are doing their utmost. Indianapolis raised \$25,000 the other night to help represent their State, and other cities are doing proportionately as much. Our salt well should certainly be brought into notice, and we hope the proprietors will not neglect to attend to the matter. Mr. J. C. Wright of Emporia has been authorized to organize a band from the musicians of this State to attend the exposition. Iola has some very good players, and we hope our musicians will assist Mr. Wright in getting up this band. Let the various granges and particularly the Agricultural Society of our county take some action which will secure this county a fair representation at the great exposition.

THE INDIAN FRAUDS.

The present indications are that the Indian agents are about to get into trouble for frauds practiced upon the government and the Indians.

Prof. Marsh of Yale College, on the 10th inst., wrote a long letter to President Grant, giving a somewhat detailed account of the way in which frauds have been perpetrated by J. J. Saville of the Red Cloud agency, which is the largest and most important in the whole country. Prof. Marsh is ready to substantiate his assertion by producing the necessary evidence when called upon to do so. The base frauds which have been continually practiced at the Sioux agency reflect very unfavorably upon Secretary Delano as well as upon Commissioner Smith.

A special commission has been appointed to investigate the charges of Professor Marsh. The commission met in New York last Monday night and consists of Messrs. Franklin, member of Congress from West Virginia, Harris, member of Congress from Massachusetts, and ex-Governor Fletcher, of Missouri. The last named gentleman was elected chairman. Gen. Fisk, chairman of the Board of Indian Commissioners, Prof. Marsh, and E. P. Smith, one of the Indian Commissioners, met with the investigating commission. Prof. Marsh presented his charges in pamphlet form. The investigation will take place at the Red Cloud agency.

The corruption which has always pervaded the Indian affairs of our government, is not excelled in point of magnitude by any of the frauds which have ever yet been discovered in other departments, and for downright meanness and villainy of the basest kind, not only to the Indians themselves but to the government also, the Indian agents can successfully compete with the world. We hope this investigation will not be a mere farce, as have been some investigations with which most of our readers are familiar, but that Prof. Marsh will have a fair chance to substantiate the charges which his knowledge and his duty have required him to make. We do not have as much sympathy for the Indian as some of our Quaker friends, but we do hope that the government may not be deluded and imposed upon much longer, and that these Indian agents who betray their trust will receive their just deserts.

STATE ITEMS.

The population of Riley county is 7,014.

The population of Wilson county is 9,507.

The population of Independence is 2,075.

The assessed valuation of Topeka is \$2,335,385.

The whooping cough at Emporia is subsiding.

Horse Fair at Emporia on the 30th of this month.

Disastrous floods have lately occurred in Lyon county.

Wheat is selling at sixty cents per bushel at Wichita.

Oats are selling at fifteen cents per bushel in Wilson county.

Howard county is said to have twice as many dogs as sheep.

The Wilson County Fair commences on the 28th of September.

A few days ago nineteen prisoners escaped from the Wichita jail.

Wheat is said to average forty bushels per acre in Montgomery county.

A narrow gauge rail road is to be built from Emporia to Arkansas City.

The Midland railroad has passed into the hands of the A. T. & S. F. company.

A fourteen inch vein of coal, five feet below the surface has been discovered in Elk county.

The Neosho Valley District Fair will be held at Neosho Falls, five days, commencing September 7.

Montgomery Creek of Fulton county Ill., was drowned last week while trying to cross a small stream in Coffey county.

Another county seat election in Woodson county next month. It is probable that Neosho Falls will be the successful town.

The other day a Davis county bond of \$500 was presented. The treasurer having no funds to pay it, the bond was protested.

Topeka talks of putting a large and expensive dam across the Kaw. The strongest water power west of the Mississippi will thus be afforded.

The silk operations at Silville, Franklin county, have been much more successful than the most sanguine had expected. The worms thrive better than in France.

William Crozier of Leavenworth stood first at the late examination at West Point. Kansas should be proud of it, as those examinations are practical as well as difficult.

A winged snake, one foot in length has been captured at Leavenworth. His snakeship has been preserved in alcohol in order to convince those who won't believe a thing till they have ocular proof.

The Ledger mentions an Emporia citizen who is well burdened with important offices. He is coroner, deputy U. S. Marshal, street commissioner, mail carrier, deputy city marshal, runs a livery stable and omnibus line and is a member of the city council.

The examination of teachers applying for State certificates, will be conducted in each of the cities where the members of the State examining Board reside, on the same day August 10, and 11, 1875. At Topeka the examination will be conducted by Gen. Fraser.

ALL SORTS.

The Olathe Mirror says creek mud will cure snake bites.

Entomologists continue to quarrel about the home of the grasshoppers.

Moody and Sankey will visit the U. S. about the middle of next month.

Queen Victoria will visit this country during the Centennial exposition in 1876.

A new order has been issued to prevent prospecting parties from going to the Black Hills.

The Great Eastern will plough the briny deep between Liverpool and Philadelphia during the Centennial.

The New York Herald runs a special train every Sunday to Niagara Falls, carrying nothing but its papers.

The annual meeting of the State Teacher's Association will be held at Topeka, August 24, 25, 26 and 27.

A report prevails that Judge Fisher, U. S. Attorney for the District of Columbia will be superseded by ex-Gov. Wells, of Virginia.

The Leavenworth Commercial wants a city physician appointed. Such an officer would be fully as beneficial as some others which she has.

July returns to the Department of Agriculture at Washington show an improvement of the cotton crop in all the Southern States except Texas.

An item has been going the rounds of the press, that eating an orange before breakfast will cure drunkenness. A Kansas editor says he knows better. He has tried it.

A machine for pressing coal dust into fuel was recently put in operation in Pa. The machine gives perfect satisfaction and will utilize millions of dollars worth of dust which has heretofore been wasted.

The Wyandotte and Kansas City Coal Mining Company has sunk a hole 475 feet in depth. Salt water is thrown out to a height of fifty feet. We hope this water may be utilized, and the price of salt reduced.

On the night of the 8th inst. a daring attempt was made to rob the express car on the Vandalia railroad. The robbers were unsuccessful. The engineer was killed. Large rewards have been offered for the capture of the villains.

Colorado is to be a State on and after July 1, 1876. She is consequently known as the "Centennial State." The population of the State at this time is probably about 140,000. The area of the State is about as large as New York.

The Yale College geological survey now being made in this State will furnish many very interesting facts when the report is published. The party has discovered and sent home some of the largest and most interesting fossils ever found on this continent.

Much is now said concerning the Keely motor, a new machine, which will supersede the use of steam, gunpowder and nitroglycerine if it will do all which the inventors claim. No fire or chemicals are used. The world is anxiously awaiting the issuance of the patent and publicity of the secret is desired. We are not yet quite ready to believe in the concern. It's altogether too good a thing.

When you go to the polls this fall, vote for a representative who will work for the statutes revised. In order to learn what the law is, one must now look through the general statutes and seven annuals. The general statutes are already out of print. These several volumes of statutes should be revised and published in one well indexed volume.

Henry Thompson, of Iowa, the man who married his step daughter has been sentenced to ten years imprisonment under the laws of that State. This should remind some people that they had better get an abstract of title to their marriage, and know that it is legal. We know of a certain couple in this county whose marriage by the laws of this State is incestuous, void, and punishable by imprisonment. They would do well to rectify their innocent mistake before some enemy makes a complaint.

The Mountain Meadow Trial.

The Commonwealth of the 21st inst. publishes the following:

Beaver, Utah, July 20.—In the court this morning, Judge Sutherland, counsel for Darne, said that he had found a fatal defect in the indictment, which he had intended to overlook and go to trial on it, but finding that Lee's case would be first tried and Darne's not reached this term he asked that the indictment be quashed on the ground that the crime was not alleged to have been committed in this Territory of District, or in any country, but simply at Mountain Meadows, with some other designation, whereupon Mr. Carr rose and presented a new indictment, which charges Darne, Elliot, Welder, Wm. C. Stewart, George Adair, Jr., John M. Higbee, Isaac Haight, S. Jakes and Phillip K. Smith who conspired with the Indians to kill those emigrants, that in pursuance with that conspiracy they did kill them. The indictment will not be made public till will be arraigned.

In substance, John D. Lee's confession is that thirty Mormons, with the assistance of a large number of Indians, decoyed the emigrants from their intrenchments by a flag of truce; that all were murdered except 17 children; that the deed was done under orders of a leader of the Mormon church; that he took the news of the massacre to Brigham Young who deplored the transaction and said it would bring disaster on the Mormon people. The statements of Lee, so far as known, only confirm previous reports in regard to the massacre.

Dr. Franklin says: "The eyes of other people are the eyes that ruin us. If all but myself were blind, I should neither want a fine house nor fine furniture."

The National Bank at Junction City has surrendered its charter.

Postal News.

Post-office changes in Kansas during the week ending July 3, 1875. Furnished by Wm. Van Vleet, of the Postoffice Department:

POST-OFFICES ESTABLISHED.—Ayr, Butler county; James Stuart, Postmaster; New Excelsior, Butler county; John Henscheid.

DISCONTINUED.—Brown's Creek, Mitchell county; Floral, Cowley county; Grinnell, Gore county.

POSTMASTERS APPOINTED.—Bartlesburg, Rice county; Jeremiah Conway; Bloomfield, Howard county; William A. Fouts; Blue Mounds, Linn county; H. A. B. Cook; Collins, Greenwood county; Harvey Shepard; Delano, Sedgewick county; Isaac R. Phelan; Lena Valley, Greenwood county; Robert B. Fletcher; Littleton, Sumner county; Edwin A. Kennedy; London, Sumner county; Robert S. Givens; McPherson, McPherson county; George W. McClintock; New Scandinavia, Republic county; Chas. Peterson; Sycamore, Howard county; Geo. W. Webb; Waveland, Shawnee county; Elsie Wood; Willow Valley, Greenwood county; Horace E. Brothers.

Greenbacks versus National Bank Notes.

Suppose for a moment, that the financial plank in the Ohio Democratic platform merely contemplates the purchase of the \$330,000,000 of national bank notes with greenbacks, what advantage will the country gain by the change? Will it put more money into the business of the country, or anybody's pocket? Certainly not. The loss in taxes levied on the banks because of the privilege of circulation, will to a large extent, offset what could be reduced in interest by buying in the bonds. And the high premium which would have to be paid for the bonds in greenbacks would require all the difference years in advance. The rate is now 120 to 122, and in such an operation would go much higher. The idea that this shifting of greenbacks for national bank notes would give us more money is absurd; and that it would materially benefit the country in any respect is also absurd.—Fort Scott Monitor.

Kansas Salt.

Rev. Dr. Cooper brought with him from the Republican Valley, a bottle of water obtained in the Salt Marsh. He has evaporated it, and finds that one gallon of water yields one-quarter of a pound of salt. He brought us a specimen of the salt yesterday. It is pure, and of a beautiful color. The day is not far distant when Kansas will manufacture, from her salt springs, enough salt to supply the whole west. The State is rich in these saline deposits and it will pay any company of capitalists to engage in the manufacture of salt. The great salt marshes of Northwestern Kansas are as extensive as any on the continent.—Atchison Champion.

A rather singular scene occurred at the depot Friday afternoon. A lady was going by when a gentleman stepped out and said to her: "How'd do?" extending his hand and smiling cheerfully. "I beg pardon," said she, looking hard at him; "you have the advantage of me." "Why, don't you know me?" he asked, amazed. "I can't remember you," said she. "Why I used to be your husband"—John Augustus Henderson, you know." She remembered him.—Danbury News.

Cincinnati, July 19.—The Enquirer's Portsmouth, O., special says parties at Sciotoville, six miles from that city, struck a vein of gas to-day at a depth of 1,035 feet. The gas has been burning all day to a height of 15 feet, and it is thought enough gas can be obtained from the well to supply the city of Portsmouth.

ROAD NOTICE.

(J. Cleaver, et al.)
STATE OF KANSAS, ss
ALLEN COUNTY, ss
I, J. Cleaver, of said county, do hereby certify that the State of Kansas when it may concern: WHEREAS, application has been made by petition to the Board of County Commissioners of said county, for locating a county road, as follows, to-wit: Commencing at or near the south shore of the Neosho river, where the said river crosses the east line of the southeast quarter of section 8, town 25, range 18, and running thence south to the south-east corner of the above described quarter section, thence east one-half mile to the south-east corner of the south-west quarter of section 9, town 25, range 18; thence south to the road laid out from Iola to Humphreys, intersecting said road where it leaves the line between the north-east and north-west quarters of section 16, town 25, range 18, and bears north-east.
And whereas, J. H. Hayward, John Graham and John Elliott viewers of said county have been ordered by said County Commissioners to view and locate said road.
Therefore, you are hereby notified that said viewers will meet, on the 17th day of August 1875 at 10 o'clock A. M., at the place of beginning of said road, to view and locate said road, and perform whatever duties as are required of them by law; and unless you then file a written application with said viewers, giving a description of the premises on which you claim damages or compensation, your application for the same will be barred.
Witness my hand at my office in Iola, in said county, this 21st day of July A. D. 1875.
J. H. NEEDHAM,
County Clerk.

CHOICE PIANO PIECES.

La Belle Jeunesse. Polka. by G. D. Wilson 50c.
Bluebeard. do do 35c.
Twinkling Stars. Morceau. do do 35c.
The Wood Rose. do do 35c.
Fairy Festival. Caprice. do do 35c.
Grand Masonic March. with picture of N. Y. Temple. do do 75c.
A Forest Hymn. Meditation. Wilson 50c.

By G. D. WILSON.

Ever True to Thee. Polka Mazurka by Carl Wagner 50c.
Birdie's Morning Song. Variations do 50c.
On the Wings of Love. Vale Brillante do 50c.
Venetian Regatta. Morceau. do 40c.
Merry Foresters. Forest Scene. do 40c.
Rebels from the Palace. do do 40c.

By CARL WAGNER.

Sugar Plums Polka. by Chas. Kinkel 35c.
Sweet Box Sentiment. do do 35c.
Mad Cap Polka. do do 35c.
Jennie, the Flower of Kilbuck. Trs. Kinkel 35c.
La Haye Amouree. Morceau. do do 35c.
Angel Visits. Romance. Kinkel 50c.

By CHARLES KINKEL.

Centennial March. by H. Maylath 35c.
Lily of the Valley. Nocturne. do do 35c.
Rocking Waves. Reverie. do do 35c.
Dread-Land. Nocturne. do do 35c.
Awakening of the Birds. Romance Maylath 40c.
Sweetheart. Romance. Maylath 40c.

By H. MAYLATH.

NEW SONGS.

Maiden's Glee. Song and cho. Will S. Hays 35c.
Put the Right Man at the Wheel. Song and chorus Hays 35c.
Dora, Darling. Song and chorus. Hays 35c.
Barney Macroe. Song and chorus. Hays 35c.
The Maid of Ayrshire. Song and cho. Hays 35c.
Where is My Love One To-Night? Song and chorus Hays 35c.
Sing, Darkies. Song and cho. Hays 35c.
When Little Mamee Dies. Song and cho. Hays 35c.
Alone and at Home. Song and cho. Hays 35c.
Jennie, the Flower of the Dell. Song and cho. do do 35c.
The School House on the Hill. Song and cho. do do 35c.

By the Author of "Mollie Darling."
Allie, Darling. Song and chorus H. P. Danks 35c.
Why don't You Write to Me Sister? Song and chorus Danks 35c.
Oh in Dreams a Sweet Voice calls me. Song and chorus Danks 35c.

By the Author of "Silver Threads."
Any of the above music, post-paid, on receipt of the marked price. Please marked thus: "J. L. PETERS, 843 Broadway, N. Y."

KANSAS LANDS.

GEO. A. BOWLUS,

REAL ESTATE BROKER

AND AGENT FOR THE SALE OF

L. L. & G. RAILROAD LANDS,

IOLA, (Allen County,) KANSAS.

J. F. COLBORN,

At corner Madison and Washington Avenue,

IOLA, KANSAS,

Is positively selling BETTER GOODS and more of them for LESS MONEY than at any other Dry Goods establishment in Southern Kansas.

My Stock consists of a full line of

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS

Which have been selected with great care. A handsome stock of QUEEN'S-WARE of the best brands. GLASSWARE in all varieties, which I sell at unquestionably LOW PRICES.

BOOTS, SHOES

And LADIES SERGE GAITERS to suit the most fastidious

HATS AND CAPS FOR MEN AND BOYS, in styles to suit the Professional Man, the Business Man, the Farmer, the Mechanic and the Plow Boy.

Window Hollands, Paper Shades and Pattern Curtains constantly on hand. Wall Paper in great variety.

J. & P. Coats' and Clark's O. N. T. Spool Thread in all numbers, and the story is not half told. We will prove the facts at the counter.

CLOSING OUT!

MY ENTIRE STOCK

Boots and Shoes,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

HATS, CAPS, GLOVES.

—AND—

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS

Are now offered

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

With the intention of closing out.

Now is the Time, and the Sign of the Big Boot the place

To get the

Very BEST BARGAINS ever offered in this Market.

JNO. FRANCIS & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Groceries & Drugs

OUR STOCK IS ENTIRELY NEW.

The attention of Merchants and Dealers generally is called to our stock of goods consisting of everything in the Grocery and Drug line, which we are now selling as low as any house in Southern Kansas can sell the same quality of goods.

It is not always the article that costs the least money that is the cheapest. We are buying and have on hand the

B